

A LAWYERS GUIDE TO CHILD SUPPORT SERVICES IN NEW JERSEY



Office of Probation Services
Administrative Office of the Courts

Frequently Used Terms

Arrears – The amount of support that is unpaid.

NJKids – The New Jersey Child Support Program automated computer system that tracks child support accounts.

Obligee/CP – An individual or agency to whom support is owed. Also known as the custodial parent (CP) or payee

Obligor/NCP – An individual who owes a financial and/or medical obligation. Also known as the non-custodial parent (NCP) or payor.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) – Time-limited public assistance (welfare) payments made to low income families that provide parents with job preparation, work, and support services to help them become self-sufficient. It was formerly known as Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC).

Confidentiality

New Jersey follows strict laws that keep child support cases confidential. Personal information collected and kept by the Child Support Program is not public record. All child support staff is bound to keep these matters confidential to protect privacy.

Introduction

As an amendment to the Social Security Act of 1935, a partnership of federal, state and local agencies was formed in 1975 to collect child support. This program is called the Title IV-D Child Support Enforcement (CSE) Program. Its mission is to ensure that assistance is available to obtain financial and health care support for children and families.

The Federal Office of Child Support Enforcement in the Office for the Administration of Children and Families, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, administers the national child support system. For more information, visit the Administration for Children and Families Web site at acf.hhs.gov.

In New Jersey, the Judiciary has an agreement with the Division of

Family Development (DFD), Office of Child Support Services, New Jersey Department of Human Services, to perform certain Title IV-D child support program functions. In accordance with the agreement, the Judiciary is responsible for the establishment, monitoring and enforcement of child and medical support orders, maintenance of the central registry for the receipt of incoming intergovernmental complaints, and maintenance and reconciliation of accounts to support payments. The Child Support Enforcement Unit is part of the probation division of the Superior Court.

Case and payment information can be obtained by calling the toll free number 1-877-655-4371 (NJKIDS1) or can be found at njchildsupport.org.

The New Jersey Family Support Payment Center (NJFSPC) is responsible for processing support payments. The state distributes payments to obligees either by direct deposit or debit card.

Child Support Offices

The family division of the Superior Court establishes paternity and support orders. It also handles issues of divorce, custody, visitation and domestic violence. Family Court is responsible for retaining the original support order.

The probation child support enforcement unit of the Superior Court monitors and enforces support orders.

The county welfare agency provides parent locator services, establishes voluntary paternity and applies to the court for child support and paternity orders on behalf of people with children receiving TANF assistance. It also provides legal representation to petitioners in Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (UIFSA) proceedings when New Jersey is the responding state and processes triennial review and child support adjustment applications in TANF and non-TANF cases.

Child Support Services

Title IV D Services includes all of the following:

- Locate obligors by using federal and state tools such as the Parent Locator Services.
- Establish legal paternity for children.
- Establish support orders for children which include monetary support, health care, payment of arrears, and other financial and non-financial provisions.
- Collect child support and arrears payments from obligors and disburse payments to obligees.
- Enforce and monitor support and medical orders.
- Work with other states and countries to establish and collect support orders.

Applying for Child Support

Applications can be obtained at the local family division of the Superior Court. Information and applications also are available on the New Jersey Child Support Services Web site, njchildsupport.org.

There is a nominal fee to apply for Title IV-D child support services. Litigants might prefer to apply for non-Title IV-D support services but will pay a higher annual monitoring fee and receive fewer services.

In addition to monetary child support, individuals can apply for other types of support services. They are:

Spousal Support

Court-ordered spousal support is separate from child support. Spousal support can be ordered on a temporary, permanent, or rehabilitative basis. Spousal support is a non-Title IV-D obligation and not subject to certain enforcement actions such as tax offsets, automatic income withholding, financial institution data match, child support lien network, credit bureau reporting, and driver license suspension unless contained within the same order as child support.

Medical Support Only

All Title IV-D child support orders must address health coverage for the child(ren). The court can order one or both of the parties to provide medical insurance for the child. In these instances, the court directs the probation division to monitor and ensure that medical coverage is being provided. Medical support also can be required as part of an ongoing child support case. If a party is seeking reimbursement of unpaid medical bills, the party must file a motion through the Family Court.

Note: Spousal, medical and child support can be combined in one order.

Direct Pay Conversions

If there is a direct pay order and either party wants to make the support payable through the Child Support Program, that party must file an application through the family division.

Required Information

The Child Support Enforcement Program needs the following information to locate the obligor, establish and enforce support orders:

- Full name and any aliases
- Last known address and phone number
- Social Security number
- Date of birth
- Last known work address, phone number and trade/occupation
- Mother's maiden name
- Names and addresses of relatives
- Name(s) of the obligor's other child(ren) by another person and address where they reside

- Any union, social club, sports club, or other memberships and activities
- Whether or not the obligor is in the military and, if so, where he/she is stationed
- Motor vehicle information including driver's license number, state of registration, license plate number, and type of vehicle.

Paying Child Support

Income withholding allows for support payments to be taken directly from the obligor's paycheck and is required unless otherwise ordered by the court. Income withholding can also be applied to unemployment benefits, Social Security disability, disability payments, and other income the obligor receives. This process makes it easier for the obligee to receive timely, regular payments and for the obligor to pay support.

Check or money order payments made payable to NJFSPC can be mailed to the New Jersey Family Support Payment Center, P.O. Box 4880, Trenton, NJ 08650-4880 and should include the account (CS) number. Starter checks are not accepted.

Cash payments can be made by the obligor at any Judiciary county finance division (central fee office) payment window.

For payment options, review njchildsupport.org to see what payment services are available.

Receiving Child Support

The New Jersey Child Support Program distributes payments through direct deposit or a New Jersey Debit Card. Both programs provide a safe, easy and convenient way for obligees to receive payments.

Direct Deposit

Direct deposit allows for support payments to be directly deposited into the obligee's bank account. To be eligible for direct deposit, obligees must receive their payments directly from the New Jersey Child Support Program. To sign up for direct deposit, an authorization form must be completed which is

available at the local child support office or can be downloaded from the New Jersey Child Support Web site, njchildsupport.org.

New Jersey Debit Card

Obligees can obtain cash at banks and ATMs, and make purchases at most stores. Obligees who do not wish to receive payments on the New Jersey Debit Card must sign up for direct deposit.

NOTE: Obligor is prohibited from paying obligees directly after the court order has been established. Doing so is considered a violation of the court order.

Critical Elements of the Court Order

Court support orders that require payments be made through the state should be clear and unambiguous. The order must state exactly what the court expects the probation division to enforce under Title IV-D. For example:

1. Unless otherwise stipulated, all support obligations are to be paid through the NJFSPC and monitored by the probation division in the county where the case was properly filed.
2. Regardless of whether court-ordered support is allocated or unallocated, all court orders must clearly identify child, spousal, and/or medical support obligations.
3. Expenses such as daycare or summer camp ordered to be paid through NJFSPC must be designated in the order as either child or spousal support.
4. How often payments must be made, weekly, bi-weekly, or monthly, for example, must be included in the court order and must be the same for all types of support. Mixed frequencies of obligations cannot be accommodated by the automated system.
5. All orders must have the effective date of the support obligation. This is the date the first payment is due.
6. If support arrears are to be paid through NJFSPC, the order must have the specific amount of arrears due and the arrears

payback amount.

7. The support order must be established pursuant to the New Jersey child support guidelines unless otherwise determined by the court. The guidelines worksheet must be attached to the order.
8. Paternity must be established on all support orders.
9. The support order must clearly identify the obligee and obligor, and who is responsible for making payments.
10. If medical support is ordered, the court order must indicate who is responsible to provide the coverage .

Change of Address & Employer

Obligors are required to notify the probation division of any changes in address, employment status, and health care coverage within 10 days of the change either by letter, telephone or by logging into their online account at www.njchildsupport.org. Failure to provide this information is a violation of the court order.

Obligees are required to notify the probation division of any change of address within 10 days of the change by notarized letter, telephone or by logging into their online account at njchildsupport.org.

Obligee's Address Change in Person

One of the following forms of identification must be presented: a notarized letter to the court or a notarized address change form certifying the change, valid passport, photo driver's license or any other government-issued photo identification card.

If the above forms of identification are not available, **two** of the following must be used: a non-photo driver's license, property lease, utility bill or any other government-issued non-photo identification card.

Obligee's Address Change by Mail

The obligee must mail a notarized letter or an address change form to the probation division monitoring the case. If the written

letter or form is not notarized, it must be accompanied by a photocopy of the identification documents described above.

Address Change by Telephone or Web

Either party can contact the New Jersey Family Support Services Center for address changes by calling 1-877-655-4371 or visiting njchildsupport.org.

Enforcement of the Court Order

Tools available to Probation Child Support Enforcement units to enforce child support orders can include, but are not limited to:

- Income withholding
- National Medical Support Notice (NMSN)
- Court hearing
- Bench warrant
- Tax offset – federal and state
- Judgment
- Credit bureau notification
- Financial Institution Data Match (FIDM)
- Child Support Lien Network (CSLN)
- Passport denial
- License suspension
- Lottery intercept
- Project Save Our Children (PSOC)
- Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO)

- Writ of Execution

These options will be explained in general terms on the following pages. For information regarding these enforcement tools, please refer to *N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.7a et seq*, *R. 5:7-5(a)*, and *42 U.S.C. 666 et seq*.

Income Withholding *N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.8 et seq*.

- All child support orders shall be paid by income withholding unless the order specifically provides for an alternative payment arrangement.
- If the order provides for an alternative arrangement and arrears accrue equal to or greater than 14 days, an income withholding can be issued directly to the employer of the obligor with simultaneous notice to the obligor. The withholding shall take effect 10 days from the postmark on the notice unless contested.
- Income can include, but is not limited to, wages; unemployment benefits; workers compensation; commissions; retirement benefits and any other earnings or entitlements to money from any other source.
- An additional amount can be added to the income withholding order to satisfy the past due amount.

National Medical Support Notice (NMSN)

The National Medical Support Notice is a federally required form. It was designed to provide employers and plan administrators with a standardized set of forms, processes, and timeframes to streamline the work and to enroll dependent children in employer-sponsored health care plans. The NMSN is a qualified medical child support order under section 609 (a) (3) and (4) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), *29 U.S.C. 1169*.

The NMSN form is issued at the same time a notice to withhold child support is sent to the employer. Employers who fail to respond to the NMSN in a timely manner can be subject to court

action. The employer must comply with the NMSN requirements, even if the obligor is not in agreement with the requirements. If the obligor contests the issuance of a NMSN, the obligor should contact the probation division monitoring the case.

Court Hearings

Enforcement hearings are scheduled before a judge or child support hearing officer (CSHO) by the probation division to address issues of non-compliance with a court-ordered support obligation, health insurance coverage for dependent children, or other related issues. Modifications are filed and heard in Family Court and should not be heard during enforcement hearings.

Attendance at an enforcement hearing is mandatory for the obligor. The obligee's attendance is usually optional, but can be mandated based on the nature of the case. At the hearing, the probation division presents the facts of the case and does not represent either party. The parties may choose to have an attorney present.

Most cases scheduled by the Probation Child Support Enforcement Unit are heard by a CSHO. If the parties agree with the recommendation of the hearing officer, they will be asked to sign it. Thereafter, the recommendations will be referred to a judge for review*. Appropriate recommendations are approved and signed by the judge and become a fully enforceable Superior Court order.

*During the hearing, if either of the parties objects to the recommendations, the matter will be referred to a judge for a *de novo* hearing, also referred to as an appeal. If a party requests an appeal, the judge can hear testimony, review documents and issue an order.

Bench Warrants

Bench warrants can be issued in child support and spousal support cases. There are two types of support warrants:

1. A **failure to appear** warrant may be issued if an obligor fails to appear for a court hearing.

2. A **failure to pay** warrant may be issued if the obligor fails to make support payments and there is an order with a bench warrant provision.

A bench warrant will automatically result in the suspension of the obligor's driver's license. This does not apply to alimony only cases.

Tax Offset

If the amount of unpaid child support meets a specific threshold and the obligor is entitled to a federal or state tax refund or a homestead rebate, the refund can be intercepted and applied to payment of the child support obligation.

Judgment

A judgment is recorded by the clerk of the Superior Court creating a claim against the obligor when money is past due on a support order. Unpaid or past due amounts of child support are automatic judgments by operation of law. These judgments can appear on a credit report and can encumber or prevent the sale or transfer of real property.

A child support debt can be subject to interest. Interest can be calculated when a judgment is satisfied and a warrant of satisfaction is requested. If either of the parties are represented by counsel, it is the attorney's responsibility to calculate the interest. If the parties are not represented, the probation division can calculate the interest.

Credit Bureau Notification *N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.21*

Whenever an obligor owes \$1,000 or more in past-due child support, the delinquency can be reported to consumer credit reporting agencies, even if the obligor is making support payments. Such information can be reported only after the obligor has been afforded the opportunity to appeal. Unpaid support on a credit report can affect the obligor's credit rating.

Financial Institution Data Match (FIDM) *N.J.S.A. 2A:17.57*

The Financial Institution Data Match is a federally mandated

program that enables states to levy and seize financial accounts. A case where no payments have been paid in 35 days or there are three months of arrears (minimum \$200) is subject to FIDM.

Child Support Lien Network (CSLN)

New Jersey, along with several other states, is a member of the Child Support Lien Network. The network administers an electronic database that participating casualty insurers check before paying claims. If there is a match between a claimant and delinquent child support obligor, the CSLN automatically notifies the child support agency and withholds payment while the agency places a lien on the proceeds of any collectible settlement by the claimant.

Passport Denial

All cases receiving full child support services are eligible for passport denial. An obligor whose past-due support debt is certified by the state as having arrears exceeding \$2,500 can be denied the issuance or renewal of a United States passport.

License Suspension *N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.41*

Obligors can have their driver's license suspended or revoked in cases where the child support arrears are greater than six months, where the court ordered health care coverage for the child has not been provided in six months or where a child support-related bench warrant exists. The suspension or revocation of licenses also can apply to all other professional or recreational licenses.

Lottery Intercept

The Division of Family Development and the New Jersey State Lottery have initiated a process to intercept winnings of delinquent child support obligors. If a person's lottery winnings are at least \$600 and the person owes more than \$1,000 in past due child support, their winnings will be intercepted.

Project Save Our Children (PSOC)

Project Save Our Children (PSOC) was passed by Congress to address the issue of obligors fleeing to other states to willfully avoid paying their child support obligations. PSOC provides for

federal, criminal misdemeanor, and felony charges for the willful nonpayment of child support. The United States Attorney's Office prosecutes these cases.

Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO)

A Qualified Domestic Relations Order is a court order in compliance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) and the IRS code that assigns, to an alternate payee, the custodial parent, a portion of a participant's pension benefits. A QDRO can be used for payment of full arrears and/or monthly payments.

Writ of Execution

A Writ of Execution is a court order to levy against an obligor's assets. In spousal support-only cases, the obligee must first file for a judgment before a writ can be executed.

Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (UIFSA)

New Jersey adopted the Federal Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (UIFSA) in March 1998. UIFSA is the principal mechanism for the establishment, enforcement and modification of child support obligations when one of the parties resides in a different state.

This law requires employers to comply with other states' income withholding orders and places limits on where orders can be changed.

This law also protects the obligor by making sure that only one order for support is in effect at any time. It establishes rules for creating one controlling order when there are multiple orders.

If an obligor moves out of state and becomes non-compliant, the probation division can send a UIFSA transmittal requesting registration for enforcement of the New Jersey child support order. As long as one party remains in residence, New Jersey will continue to have exclusive jurisdiction for all modifications.

If an obligee has established a foreign child support order in another jurisdiction under UIFSA, the probation child support

staff will monitor the case and request enforcement from the out of state court, as needed. The probation division will communicate with the responding jurisdiction.

The probation division also is responsible for enforcing incoming UIFSA registrations.

- The Full Faith and Credit Act enacted by Congress in 1994 requires states to enforce a proper order from another state and not modify that order except under certain conditions.
- Continuing Exclusive Jurisdiction (CEJ) is the exclusive authority of the state issuing a support order to modify the terms of support.

Note: New Jersey will enforce alimony or spousal support-only obligations. Other states cannot enforce these obligations. Depending on the state, the obligee might need to hire an attorney to have the spousal support registered and enforced as a foreign judgment in the obligor's state of residence.

On March 23, 2016, the 2008 amendments to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (UIFSA), *N.J.S.A. 2A:4-30.124 et seq.* were approved and became law effective April 1, 2016. The "Instrument of Ratification for The Hague Convention on International Recovery of Child Support and Other Forms of Family Maintenance" became effective Jan. 1, 2017.

Two requirements under UIFSA and The Hague Convention result in a change to the following statewide practices in New Jersey: All child support orders must be translated into the language of the country where the order is being registered for enforcement and states shall permit litigants residing outside the state to participate by telephone, audiovisual or other electronic means.

International Reciprocity

The U.S. Department of State has the authority to make international reciprocity agreements on behalf of states and U.S. territories. Probation child support enforcement can process an international request for enforcement through the central registry.

For a list of countries and territories with reciprocity agreements with New Jersey visit www.acf.hhs.gov/css.

Modification

Modifications or changes to a support order are processed by the family division of the Superior Court. Obligor and obligee are instructed to file for a modification in the family division of the Superior Court in the county of venue.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Rule 5:6B of the rules governing the courts of New Jersey requires that all child support orders entered, modified or enforced on or after Sept. 1, 1998, be reviewed every two years to reflect changes in the cost of living. The COLA review and adjustment of child support is automatic. The objectives of COLA are to ensure the adequacy of court ordered support in future years and reduce the number of modifications filed. The adjustment is based on the average monthly change in the consumer price index (CPI) for the New Jersey metropolitan area. A COLA is not a modification.

Note: If an order is modified, the next COLA date will be adjusted to two years from the date of the modification.

Triennial Review N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.9a

States are required to have a process by which child support orders are reviewed and, if appropriate, adjusted at least once every three years. In cases where a family is receiving TANF, a triennial review must be conducted. States also are required to conduct triennial reviews in non-TANF cases if either parent so requests. There does not need to be a substantial change of circumstances, only the passage of three or more years since the order was last reviewed. The parties can request the triennial review through the county welfare agency (CWA).

The CWA will review the financial situation of both parties and determine if, based on the New Jersey child support guidelines, the matter should be referred to the court for a review of the order. The review also determines if a health care provision should be added to the order.

Emancipation

Under New Jersey law, there is no automatic age of emancipation. A child who turns 18 or graduates from high school is not automatically emancipated. The issue of whether a child is emancipated is fact-sensitive and must be determined by the court.

The party seeking emancipation of a child must file a modification motion with the family division of the Superior Court in the county of venue. The judge reviews the facts of the case to determine if the age or circumstances warrants emancipation of the child. If the court enters an order of emancipation, the emancipation does not relieve the obligor from the payment of arrears nor does it resolve the issue of overpayments unless specifically addressed in the court order.

Termination

Effective Feb. 1, 2017, New Jersey law establishes 19 as the age when a child support and or medical support obligation will end through probation. The new law allows for child and or medical support to continue up to age 23 through probation for cases in which the dependent is in high school, attending full-time college, vocational or graduate school, is disabled or if the parties reach a separate agreement or if continued support through probation was granted by the court. However, child support, except for arrearages, cannot be collected through probation beyond the child's 23rd birthday. Parties that want current child support to be collected beyond the 23rd birthday must file with the court for other financial maintenance or reimbursement. For specific information about enforcement options, refer to *N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.67 et seq.*

Contact Information - 1-877-655-4371 (1-877-NJKIDS1)

Family	Probation	Welfare
Atlantic		
Atlantic County Civil Court Building 1201 Bacharach Blvd Atlantic City, NJ 08401	Atlantic County Child Support 1201 Bacharach Blvd. PO Box 5129 Atlantic City, NJ 08401	Atlantic County Department of Family & Community Development 1333 Atlantic Ave, 3rd Floor PO Box 869 Atlantic City, NJ 08401
Bergen		
Bergen County Superior Court Family Part 10 Main St., Room 163 Bergen County Courthouse Hackensack, NJ 07601	Bergen County Child Support 10 Main St., Bldg. 39 Hackensack, NJ 07601	Bergen County Board of Social Services 218 Route 17 North Rochelle Park, NJ 07662
Burlington		
Burlington County Courts Facility 49 Rancocas Road, 3rd Floor Mount Holly, NJ 08060	Burlington County Child Support Enforcement Services 50 Rancocas Road, 2nd Floor PO Box 6555 Mount Holly, NJ 08060	Burlington County Board of Social Services Burlington County Human Services Facility 795 Woodlane Road Mount Holly, NJ 08060
Camden		
Camden County Hall of Justice 101 S.5th St. Camden, NJ 08103-4001	Camden County Child Support Probation 5 Executive Campus, Suite 200 PO Box 8107 Cherry Hill, NJ 08002	Camden County Board of Social Services County Administration Bldg. 600 Market St. Camden, NJ 08102-1255
Cape May		
Cape May County Family Division, Court Complex 4 Moore Road Cape May Courthouse, NJ 08210	Cape May County Probation Enforcement Court Complex 9 N.Main St., Cape May Courthouse, NJ 08210	Cape May County Board of Social Services Social Services Bldg. 4005 Route 9 South Rio Grande, NJ 08242-1911
Cumberland		
Cumberland County Family Division Courthouse Broad and Fayette streets PO Box 866 Bridgeton, NJ 08302	Cumberland County Child Support 60 W. Broad St. Bridgeton, NJ 08302	Cumberland County Board of Social Services 275 N. Delsea Drive Vineland, NJ 08360-3607
Essex		
Essex County Family Division Central Intake Unit 212 Washington St. Newark, NJ 07102	Essex County Child Support 212 Washington St., 11th Floor Newark, NJ 07102	Essex County Div. of Welfare 18 Rector St., 9th floor Newark, NJ 07102

Contact Information - 1-877-655-4371 (1-877-NJKIDS1)

Family	Probation	Welfare
Gloucester		
Gloucester County Family Div. 70 Hunter St. Woodbury, NJ 08096	Gloucester County Child Support 1893 Hurffville Road Sewell, NJ 08080	Gloucester County Board of Social Services 400 Hollydell Dr. Sewell, NJ 08080
Hudson		
Hudson County Family Division Administration Building 595 Newark Ave, Room 203 Jersey City, NJ 07306	Hudson County Child Support Child Support Enforcement Unit 595 Newark Ave, Room 301, 3rd floor Jersey City, NJ 07306	Hudson County Department of Social Services Division of Welfare JFK Office Bldg. 257 Cornelison Ave. Jersey City, NJ 07302
Hunterdon		
Hunterdon County Justice Center 65 Park Ave., PO Box 578 Flemington, NJ 08822	Hunterdon County Child Support 65 Park Ave. Flemington, NJ 08822	Hunterdon County Division of Social Services, Community Services Center 6 Gauntt Place PO Box 2900 Flemington, NJ 08822
Mercer		
Mercer County Family Court 175 S. Broad St. PO Box 8068 Trenton, NJ 08650	Mercer County Child Support 175 S. Broad St. PO Box 8068 Trenton, NJ 08650	Mercer County Board of Social Services 200 Woolverton St. PO Box 1450 Trenton, NJ 08650
Middlesex		
Middlesex County Family Courthouse 120 New St. PO Box 2691 New Brunswick, NJ 08903	Middlesex County Child Support 189 New St PO Box 789 New Brunswick, NJ 08901	Middlesex County Board of Social Services 181 How Lane PO Box 509 New Brunswick, NJ 08903
Monmouth		
Monmouth County Courthouse 71 Monument Park P.O. Box 1252 Freehold, NJ 07728-1252	Monmouth County Probation 30 Mechanic St. PO Box 1259 Freehold, NJ 07728-1259	Monmouth County Division of Social Services PO Box 3000 Kozlowski Road Freehold, NJ 07728
Morris		
Morris County Courthouse Washington Street PO Box 910 Morristown, NJ 07963-0910	Morris County Child Support Administration & Records Bldg. 10 Court St., PO Box 910 Morristown, NJ 07963-0910	Morris County Office of Temporary Assistance 340 W. Hanover St. PO Box 900 Morristown, NJ 07963-9904

Contact Information - 1-877-655-4371 (1-877-NJKIDS1)

Family	Probation	Welfare
Ocean		
Ocean County Justice Complex 120 Hooper Ave. PO Box 2191 Toms River, NJ 08754	Ocean County Child Support 213 Washington St., 2nd Floor PO Box 2191 Toms River, NJ 08754	Ocean County Board of Social Services 1027 Hooper Ave. PO Box 547 Toms River, NJ 08754
Passaic		
Passaic County Administration Bldg. 401 Grand St., 8th and 9th floors Paterson, NJ 07505	Passaic County Child Support 100 Hamilton St., 2nd floor Paterson, NJ 07505	Passaic County Board of Social Services 80 Hamilton St. Paterson, NJ 07505
Salem		
Salem County Courthouse 92 Market St. PO Box 223 Salem, NJ 08079	Salem County Child Support 85 Market St., Fenwick Bldg. PO Box 221 Salem, NJ 08079	Salem County Board of Social Services 147 S. Virginia Ave. Penns Grove, NJ 08069
Somerset		
Somerset County Courthouse North Bridge and High streets 2nd floor, P.O. Box 3000 Somerville, NJ 08876	Somerset County Child Support Somerset County Courthouse 20 N. Bridge St. PO Box 3000 Somerville, NJ 08876	Somerset County Board of Social Services 73 E. High St. PO Box 936 Somerville, NJ 08876
Sussex		
Family Intake Unit Judicial Complex 43-47 High St. Newton, NJ 07860	Sussex County Child Support Sussex County Courthouse 43-47 High St. Newton, NJ 07860	Sussex County Division of Social Services 83 Spring St PO Box 218 Newton, NJ 07860
Union		
Union County Courthouse Annex New Annex Building 2 Elizabeth Plaza, 2nd floor Elizabeth, NJ 07205	Union County Child Support 1143-1145 E. Jersey St. Elizabeth, NJ 07201	Union County Division of Social Services 342 Westminster Ave. Elizabeth, NJ 07208
Warren		
Warren County Family Case Management 413 Second St. Courthouse, PO Box 900 Belvidere, NJ 07823	Warren County Child Support 413 Second St. PO Box 900 Belvidere, NJ 07823	Warren County Division of Temporary Assistance and Social Services County House Annex 501 Second St (mail) Second and Hardwick streets Belvidere, NJ 07823

Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC)

Mailing Address

Family Division
P.O. Box 983
Trenton, NJ 08625
Child Support Hearing Officer Program

Mailing Address

Probation Child Support Enforcement
P.O. Box 976
Trenton, NJ 08625

Child Support Toll Free Numbers

Child Support Customer Service 1-877-655-4371

Child Support Websites

Federal Government	acf.hhs.gov/programs/cse
New Jersey Judiciary	njcourts.gov
Dept. of Human Services	njchildsupport.org

NEW JERSEY JUDICIARY

Stuart Rabner
Chief Justice

Glenn A. Grant
Administrative Director of the Courts