11 0, (5)	SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY LAW DIVISION	
Harvey tarick Short	Middlesep County	
500 Cheyrey Road	Docket Number MD-L-00	20128-701
Y.() Dox 23 ' Street Address	Docket Number 1	_
Thornton, PA 19373		
Town, State, Zip Code	CIVIL ACTION	
Telephone Number	Order	
Harrey Patrick Short Plaintiff	FILED	世127
Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc	SEP 0 4 2015	
Deteridant	JUDGE JESSICA R. MAYEP	
and the Court having considered the matter and It is on this 4th day of 5th Hunty, 201		
ORDERED as follows:		
Denied for the reasons se	f forth in the attached	
memoranhum of decision dutch	54t. 4, 2015.	
PLEASE MAIL A COPY OF THIS DECISION TO ALL INTERESTED PARTIES WITHIN DAYS OF THE DATE HEREOF.	~ / / / /	
A copy of this order shall be intel his his by the court.	JESSICA FI. MAYER, J.S.C	_, J.S.C.
□ opposed	Ÿ	·
unopposed		

SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY

CHAMBERS OF JESSICA R. MAYER, J.S.C. JUDGE



MIDDLESEX COUNTY COURTHOUSE P.O. BOX 964 NEW BRUNSWICK, NEW JERSEY 08903-964

FILED

NOT FOR PUBLICATION WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE COMMITTEE ON OPINIONS

Memorandum of Decision on Plaintiff's

Motion for Appointment of Counsel

SEP 0 4 2015

JUDGE JESSICA B. MAYER

Harvey Patrick Short v Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Docket No. MID-L-128-15, Motion #127

Return date: September 4, 2015

Court's decision on plaintiff's motion: DENIED for the reasons set forth below.

This court is assigned to handle the mass tort/multicounty litigation matter known as Risperdal/Seroquel/Zyprexa. On or about May 28, 2015, Mr. Harvey Patrick Short ("Plaintiff") filed a complaint against defendant Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Defendant"). Plaintiff is self-represented in connection with his personal injury/product liability claim against Defendant. By way of this motion, Plaintiff seeks the appointment of counsel "to help protect his legal rights."

As best as the court can determine from Plaintiff's filed pleadings, Plaintiff alleges he was injured as a result of ingesting psychotropic medications, including "prozac, Zyprexa®, etc." prescribed to treat Plaintiff's schizophrenia and schizo-affective disorder. See Plaintiff's Certification dated July 13, 2105 ("Pl. Cert."), ¶¶ 2-3. Plaintiff states that he was "admitted to psychiatric crisis units in March, April and May of 2015." Pl. Cert., ¶4. Plaintiff alleges he "ingests psychotropic medicals [sic]" on a daily basis. Pl. Cert., ¶3.

In support of his request for the appointment of counsel in this personal injury/product liability litigation, Plaintiff claims he "is at a serious disadvantage in protecting his legal rights in this lawsuit." Pl. Cert., ¶5. Plaintiff also alleges that he "needs counsel to assist him in this litigation as the Defendant has counsel assisting it." Pl. Cert., ¶6. At the present time, Plaintiff is incarcerated at a correctional facility located in Pennsylvania. Pl. Cert., ¶1.

While the court appreciates the difficulties that may be encountered by a non-lawyer, such as Plaintiff, in attempting to prove a personal injury/product liability claim against a manufacturing defendant, there is no legal right or entitlement to the appointment of counsel in such an action. The right to appointment of counsel is only available in limited legal actions where the potential for a "consequence of magnitude" such as a sentence of imprisonment or loss of license exists.

See Rodriguez v. Rosenblatt, 58 N.J. 218, 295 (1971). Other civil actions that may give rise to the assignment of counsel include: potential imprisonment for failure to pay child support, Pasqua v. Council, 186 N.J. 127, 149 (2006); termination of parental rights, N.J. Div. of Youth and Family Servs. V. B.R., 192 N.J. 301, 306-07 (2007); Megan's law cases, Doe v. Poritz, 142 N.J. 1, 31 (1995); involuntary civil commitment, In re S.L., 94 N.J. 128, 142 (1983); and contempt proceedings for violation of a restraining order, State v. Ashford, 374 N.J. Super. 332, 337 (App. Div. 2004). The court has not found any case law favoring appointment of counsel in a personal injury/product liability action. Nor has Plaintiff cited any such law to this court. The absence of any right to the appointment of counsel in a personal injury/product liability action, such as instituted by Plaintiff in this case, is especially true when the party requesting the appointment of legal counsel is the party who initiated the litigation.

Plaintiff may continue to represent himself in this action as a self-represented litigant. The New Jersey Court Rules permit Plaintiff to act as his own attorney in this matter. However, the court recommends that Plaintiff undertake efforts to locate counsel to represent his interests in this complex legal matter. Plaintiff may contact the New Jersey State Bar Association and request a list of attorneys who handle personal injury matters on a "contingent fee" basis such that Plaintiff would not be required to pay any legal fees to counsel in the absence of a favorable resolution of the matter.

A copy of this order shall be served upon Plaintiff at his last known address set forth in Plaintiff's motion papers. Plaintiff is required to serve the order upon Defendant's counsel within seven (7) days from the date of this opinion. The court shall also post a copy of this order online within seven (7) days from the date of this opinion.

For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff's motion is **DENIED**.

Jessica R. Mayer, J.S.C.