





2022 Annual Report

REPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COURTS

FOR THE COURT YEAR JULY 1, 2021 - JUNE 30, 2022

SUPREME COURT OF NEW JERSEY

Chief Justice

Stuart Rabner

Associate Justices

Barry T. Albin Faustino J. Fernandez-Vina Jaynee LaVecchia Anne M. Patterson Lee A. Solomon Fabiana Pierre-Louis

Clerk of the Supreme Court

Heather Joy Baker

ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF THE

Administrative Director

of the Courts

Glenn A. Grant

Chief of Staff

Steven D. Bonville

Clerk of the Superior Court

Michelle M. Smith

Counsel's Office

Meryl G. Nadler, Counsel Matthew Sapienza, Deputy Counsel

Court and Judicial Security

Robin Morante

Equal Employment Opportunity/

Affirmative Action

Tonya Hopson

Information Security

Sajed Naseem

Internal Audit and Control

John Brodowski

SUPERIOR COURT, APPELLATE DIVISION

Chief Judge

Carmen Messano

Deputy Presiding Judge

Jack M. Sabatino

Clerk of the Appellate Division

Joseph H. Orlando

TAX COURT OF NEW JERSEY

Presiding Judge

Mala Sundar

Clerk of the Tax Court

Cheryl Ryan

COMMUNICATIONS AND COMMUNITY RELATIONS, OFFICE OF

Director

Peter McAleer

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY OFFICE

Director

Jack P. McCarthy III

Assistant Directors

Selvi Karuppaswamy - Data Analytics Research Center Laks Kattalai - Application Services Ron Wildmann - Technical Services & Operations

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES, OFFICE OF

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Todd McManus

Assistant Directors

Valarie Fragé - Financial Services Deirdre K. Hartman - Human Resources Helen Livingston - Support Services

PROBATION SERVICES, OFFICE OF

Director

Rashad Shabaka-Burns

Assistant Director

Brenda Beacham

PROFESSIONAL AND GOVERNMENTAL SERVICES, OFFICE OF

Director

Deirdre M. Naughton

TRIAL COURT SERVICES, OFFICE OF

Director

Jennifer M. Perez

Assistant Directors

Donna Westhoven - Criminal Practice Division Joanne M. Dietrich - Family Practice Divison John Lally - Data Analytics, Research and Standards Kim Madera - Automated Trial Courts Services Taironda Phoenix - Civil Practice Division Steven A. Somogyi - Municipal Court Services



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Addressing the Needs of Society Expungements Recovery Court	33	J. Brennan Jr. Historic Courthouse in Jersey City, constructed between 1906 and 1910, features a copper
JOBS Program Adoption Day Naturalization Ceremony/Law Day Event	35	cupola and towering pillars outside, and includes an ornate balcony, stained glass and impressive hand-
One Judge, One School Program Landlord Tenant Matters Reduction of Gun Violence Initiative	37	painted murals depicting the state's early history.
Ombudsman Program	20	The granite, six-story structure
Access and Fairness in the Courts Supreme Court Action Plan for Ensuring Equal Justice	39	served as the seat of Hudson County government from its opening until
Supreme Court Committee to Analyze Duration of Disbarment Supreme Court Committee on Women in the Courts eCourts	41	a more modern Hudson County Administration Building opened next door in 1966. The courthouse
Court News and Events	43	was scheduled for demolition, but local citizens successfully worked
Judicial Council	45	to have it placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1970.
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Trial Court Statistics	50	When the building reopened in 1985 after a lengthy restoration, it
Vicinage Map	52	was renamed in honor of William J. Brennan Jr., who served as
New Entrance to Monmouth County Courthouse	53	assignment judge in the Hudson Vicinage from 1949 to 1951 before
Construction Begins at Salem County Courthouse	54	becoming an associate justice on
Honorable Frank J. Guarini Justice Complex	55	both the New Jersey Supreme Court and U.S. Supreme Court.



Letter from the

Administrative Director of the Courts

The past two years have been a challenge for all of us.

Within the New Jersey Judiciary, responding to the Covid-19 pandemic has meant balancing the health and safety of both our workforce and the public while continuing to maintain the operations of our court system.

I am immensely proud of the way our court system responded. Since the very beginning of the pandemic, the New Jersey Judiciary has continued to safely provide crucial services, sometimes with modifications but without interruption, thanks to the dedication, creativity, foresight, and adaptability of our judges and staff.

We embraced the challenges posed by the pandemic as an opportunity to transform how the courts conduct business. Our operations are not the same as they were pre-Covid: they are better, and they are continuing to improve.

An important concern was ensuring that court users who lacked access to technology were still able to effectively participate in the judicial process. With that in mind, the Judiciary developed several initiatives to bridge the "digital divide." For example, technology rooms were created in all of our courthouses to allow individuals without technology to participate in court proceedings.

At the same time, we kept an eye toward using technology to improve efficiency. We created a new application called JEDS which allows self-represented parties and attorneys to file documents electronically.

As we enter a new court year, one that allows for more in-person court events, the challenges presented by the pandemic remain. We have much work to do to confront increased caseloads in a way that does not impact the public's ability to access the court system. As this annual report shows, a number of court dockets experienced significant growth during the past year.

The Judiciary, like the rest of our government, has been forever changed by the lessons learned from Covid. While we must evolve, our priorities remain the same. In the year ahead, we will continue to pursue new ways to better provide access to justice so that we can better serve all those who rely on our court system.



Glenn A. Grant Administrative Director of the Courts

"Our operations are not the same as they were pre-Covid: they are better, and they are continuing to improve."

Administrative Director of the Courts



Richard J. Hughes Justice Complex



New Jersey Supreme Court

The New Jersey Supreme Court is the state's highest court. Its seven justices are appointed to an initial seven-year term, after which they can be reappointed with tenure until age 70, the mandatory retirement age for all New Jersey state court judges.

The Supreme Court hears appeals from the Appellate Division of the Superior Court. If an appellate panel is divided on an appeal, the parties have an automatic right to Supreme Court review. If the appellate panel is unanimous, the party that did not prevail must file a petition for certification to have the court hear the case. The court grants certification in cases involving constitutional issues, cases in which there have been conflicting rulings in the past and, in certain instances, cases of great public importance.

In addition to its judicial responsibilities, the Supreme Court oversees all aspects of Judiciary administration as well as the legal system. The court administers bar admissions through the Board of Bar Examiners. During Court Year 2022, the court admitted 1,830 new attorneys to the New Jersey bar, a 3.98 percent decrease from the previous year.

Appointed in June 2007 as the eighth chief justice to lead the New Jersey Supreme Court since the 1947 state constitution, Chief Justice Stuart Rabner serves as the administrative head for the court system, overseeing the management of the state's courts. He received tenure in June 2014

Standing from left: Justice Lee A. Solomon Justice Anne M. Patterson Justice Faustino J. Fernandez-Vina Justice Fabiana Pierre-Louis Seated from left: Justice Jaynee LaVecchia **Chief Justice Stuart Rabner** Justice Barry T. Albin

Attorney Oversight

The Supreme Court oversees the attorney discipline system, including the Office of Attorney Ethics (OAE) and the Disciplinary Review Board (DRB). The OAE investigates allegations of attorney misconduct and coordinates the work of the state's 18 district ethics committees and 17 fee arbitration committees to help ensure the integrity of the legal profession.

Its recommendations for final discipline are reviewed by the DRB, which conducts a second investigation, hearing and review. Recommendations for disbarment are reviewed by the Supreme Court, which issues an order to show cause and offers each attorney in danger of disbarment the opportunity for oral argument. DRB decisions for lesser sanctions are usually final, except in cases where an attorney requests Supreme Court review.

The Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection also is overseen by the Supreme Court. The fund, which is supported by annual payments from the state's lawyers and judges, provides reimbursement to victims of attorneys who have been suspended or disbarred for knowing misappropriation of client funds or deemed disability inactive or passed away. During Court Year 2022, the fund approved \$708,488.95 to reimburse clients for losses caused by 29 attorneys.





Appellate Division, Superior Court

The Appellate Division of the Superior Court is the state's intermediate appellate court. It hears appeals and interlocutory motions from the Superior Court, the Tax Court and from state administrative agencies.

Appellate judges are selected by the chief justice from among the state's Superior and Tax Court judges. Generally, each of the Appellate Division's eight parts includes four judges, the most senior of whom serves as the presiding judge who oversees case flow. This term the court was assigned seven parts of four judges. Each case is decided by a two- or three-judge panel. The panels issue their decisions in the form of written opinions that are either "published," meaning they set precedent and can be used as case law in future court cases, or "unpublished," meaning they have applicability to the parties in that appeal.

The chief judge of administration of the Appellate Division works closely with the Appellate Division Clerk's Office to manage the work of the division. Judge Carmen Messano was named presiding judge for administration on June 26, 2013. The title was changed to chief judge this year. He is assisted by Judge Jack Sabatino, who serves as the division's deputy presiding judge for administration.

PART A	Presiding Judge Jack M. Sabatino		
Judge Garry S. Rothstadt			
	Judge Jessica R. Mayer		
	Judge Arnold L. Natali Jr.		

PART C	PART C Presiding Judge Richard S. Hoffman			
	Judge Mary Gibbons Whipple			
	Judge Karen L. Suter			
	Judge Richard J. Geiger			
	Judge Ronald Susswein			

PART E	Presiding Judge Carmen Messano		
Judge Mitchel E. Ostrer			
Judge Allison E. Accurso			
	Judge Lisa Rose		
Judge Catherine I. Enright			

PART B	RT B Presiding Judge Douglas M. Fasciale		
	Judge Thomas W. Sumners Jr.		
	Judge Francis J. Vernoia		
	Judge Lisa A. Firko		

PART D	Presiding Judge Carmen H. Alvarez		
Judge Michael J. Haas			
	Judge Hany A. Mawla		
Judge Stephanie Ann Mitterhoff			

PART F	Presiding Judge Clarkson S. Fisher Jr.		
Judge Heidi Willis Currier			
Judge Patrick DeAlmeida			
	Judge Morris G. Smith		
	·		

PART G	Presiding Judge Jose L. Fuentes		
Judge Robert J. Gilson			
	Judge Greta Gooden Brown		
	Judge Katie A. Gummer		





Appeals Filed

Motions Filed

Appeals Decided

Motions Decided

Opinions Filed

Published Opinions





New Jersey Tax Court

The Tax Court Management Office accepts and processes cases submitted for filing, assigns local property and state tax cases, prepares calendars and judgments, responds to attorney and litigant inquiries and provides procedural guidance.

The 10 Tax Court judges hear appeals of tax decisions made by county boards of taxation. They also hear appeals on decisions made by the director of the Division of Taxation on such matters as state income, sales and business taxes, and homestead rebates. The Tax Court heard matters dealing with the following case types in Court Year 202-2022.

State Cases Cases Docketed Cases Reinstated **Judgments Entered**

Statewide Case Types

	•	
(CORPORATION BUSINESS	8
	ESTATE TAX	1
(GROSS INCOME	23)
	HOMESTEAD REBATE	3
	INHERITANCE TAX	4
	PROPERTY TAX REIMBURSEMENT	2
(REALTY TRANSFER FEE	2)
	SALES AND USE	18
(RESPONSIBLE PERSON	3)
	SCHOOL AID (TABLE OF EQUALIZATION VALUATION)	2
	SENIOR FREEZE	2)
	TOBACCO PRODUCT WHOLESALE	2

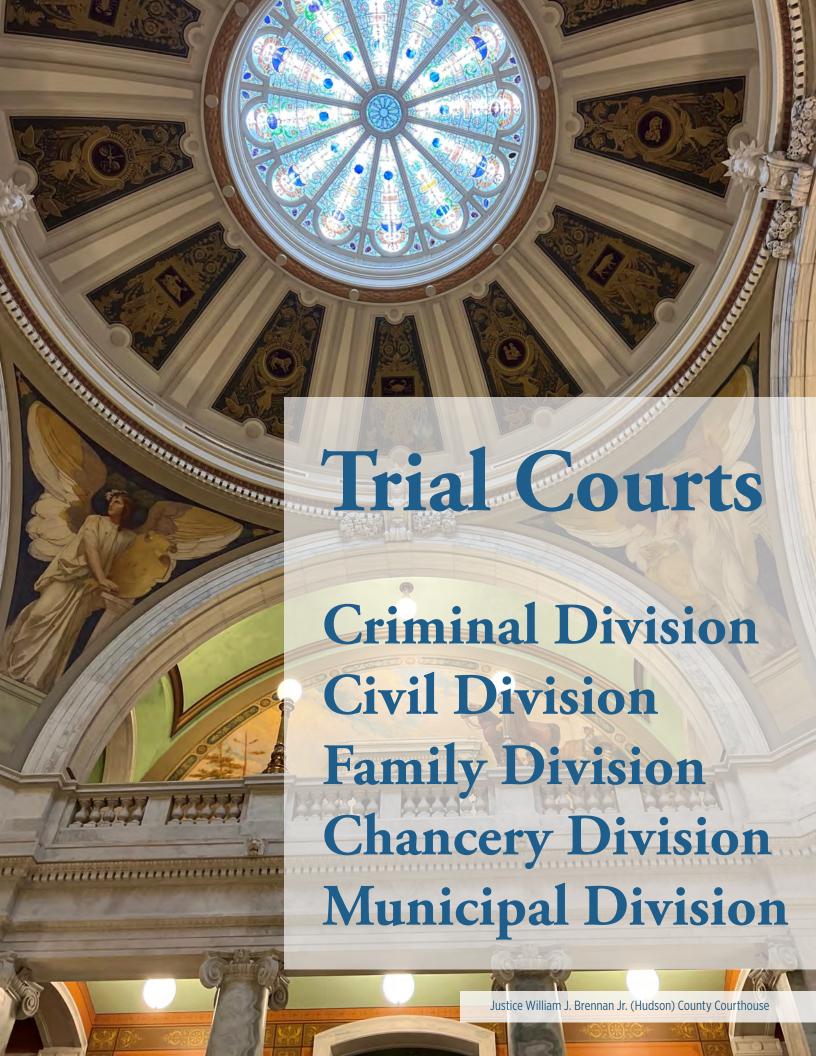


Standing from left: Judge Jonathan A. Orsen, Judge Mark Cimino, Judge Joseph M. Andresini, Judge Michael J. Gilmore and Judge Joan Bedrin Murray (not pictured Judge Joshua D. Novin).

Seated from left: Judge Mary Siobhan Brennan, Judge Vito L. Bianco, Presiding Judge Mala Sundar, Judge Christine M. Nugent, and Judge Kathi F. Fiamingo.









Criminal Division

The Criminal Practice Division is part of the Trial Court Services section of the New Jersey Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC). Criminal Practice consists of two major units: Pretrial Services and Criminal Court Services.

The primary function of the Criminal Practice Division is to provide support and assistance to all criminal division judges and staff in the vicinages through the development and implementation of operational standards and best practices, training, evaluation, monitoring and preparation of various statistical reports and manuals.

The Pretrial Services Unit oversees the statewide implementation of Criminal Justice Reform and provides support and training to the staff in the Pretrial Services Unit in each vicinage. The Criminal Court Services Unit is tasked with providing assistance regarding the general operation of the criminal trial courts.

Criminal Justice Reform

In a March 2022 report, the Administrative Office of the Courts reviewed data related to a number of defendants charged with Graves Act offenses as well as the rate of their detention, release, and rearrest, the Administrative Office of the Courts gathered an analyzed relevant data and issued a report in March 2022. The report concluded that judges in New Jersey were exercising their discretion to detain high-risk defendants and also release lower-risk defendants on nonmonetary conditions. The greater the risk, the greater the rate of detention. Data showed that defendants charged with Graves Act offenses were being detained at more than twice the rate of other defendants charged on a complaint-warrant.

Jury Trials and Grand Jury Panels

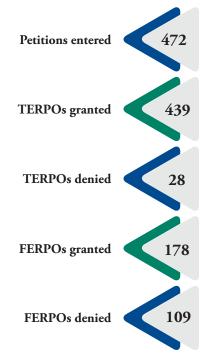
A March 18, 2022 Supreme Court order permitted jury selection for criminal trials to be held remotely and in person. The ordered established that the first phase of selection – where prospective jurors have an opportunity to request to be dismissed, excused, or deferred – will be conducted virtually, while potential jurors are required to report to the courthouse for the in-person exercise of peremptory challenges and for trial. Cases that involve detained defendants continue to receive the highest priority, under the Supreme Court order. With the reduction of social distancing requirements from 6 feet to 3 feet, the number of courtrooms large enough to support criminal jury trials more than doubled statewide. All grand jury panels began meeting in person as of April 15, 2022.

Extreme Risk Protective Orders

The Judiciary developed guidelines for Extreme Risk Protective Orders (ERPO), effective Sept. 1, 2019, which prohibit a person who poses an immediate and present danger of bodily injury to self or others from owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving firearms or ammunition, or from securing or holding a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, or a permit to carry a handguns. ERPOs are first considered for issuance on a temporary (TERPO) basis and then as a final order (FERPO).



Extreme Risk **Protective Orders** July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022





Civil

Division

The civil division coordinates the development and implementation of civil rules and improved court procedures and supports the local civil divisions in each vicinage.

The civil division of the Superior Court resolves cases of monetary damages ranging from small claims through complex commercial litigation. While the circumstances of each case are unique, the division has developed a series of best practices for each type of case to ensure statewide consistency and timely resolution for litigants. Litigants seeking damages of \$5,000 or less or for a return of a security deposit of \$5,000 or less file in Small Claims court where the goal for resolution is two months. Cases involving damages of \$20,000 or less are filed in the Special Civil Part, with a resolution goal of four months. Cases valued at more than \$20,000 are filed in the Civil Part of the law division and are to be resolved in 12 to 24 months, depending on their complexity. Tenancy cases are considered to be in backlog when they are not resolved in two months.

The civil division also handles cases with common characteristics such as large numbers of claims associated with a single product, mass disaster or complex environmental and toxic torts that are designated by the Supreme Court as multicounty litigation and assigned for centralized management in one of three counties: Atlantic, Bergen or Middlesex.

Complex Business Litigation Program

Under the Complex Business Litigation Program, judges with specialized training in business issues use their expertise to streamline and expedite commercial or construction cases that involve disputes of \$200,000 or more. This approach helps foster the development of case law that aids all parties in business litigation.

Special Civil Part

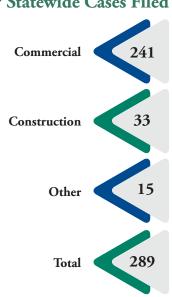
The Special Civil Part is comprised of three dockets: DC, Small Claims and Landlord Tenant. Actions by a landlord seeking to evict a tenant are filed in the Landlord Tenant section of the Special Civil Part.

In September 2021, the Judiciary instituted a series of steps to reform the residential landlord tenant process and allow for greater opportunities for the parties to work with trained staff to resolve disputes without a trial. The reforms addressed longstanding issues as well as pending and anticipated filings in landlord tenant matters which increased during the Covid-19 pandemic.

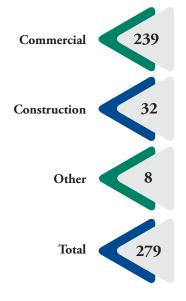
New Jersey Courts September 17, 2021 • O September 1



CBLP Statewide Cases Filed



CBLP Statewide Cases Resolved



Tenancy Cases









Number of new out-of-home placement cases (FC docket) by county in 2021 vs. 2020

COUNTY	2020	2021
Atlantic	137	124
Bergen	42	31
Burlington	95	92
Camden	304	267
Cape May	34	45
Cumberland	122	84
Essex	229	145
Gloucester	129	92
Hudson	108	70
Hunterdon	11	6
Mercer	154	74
Middlesex	118	90
Monmouth	71	70
Morris	32	28
Ocean	99	55
Passaic	120	111
Salem	61	30
Somerset	20	15
Sussex	35	13
Union	99	49
Warren	21	18
Total	2,041	1,509

Family Division

The primary function of the family division is to develop and implement policies, procedures and best practices in the vicinages and to support state-level committees to advance the goals of the Judiciary in family-related areas.

The family division provides an impartial forum for couples to resolve disputes including divorce, dissolution of civil unions, termination of domestic partnerships, child support, custody and visitation. The division also hears matters of domestic violence, juvenile delinquency, child abuse and neglect, termination of parental rights, adoption and kinship guardianship. The division strives to hear these matters quickly to provide important court protections such as restraining orders for victims of domestic violence, out-of-home placements for children in unsafe family situations, and orders protecting other vulnerable litigants. Judges and staff receive training in the emotional and cultural contexts that could complicate family cases as they work to meet the short time goals assigned to most family case types.

Domestic Violence

In January 2022, the Supreme Court approved the revised Domestic Violence Procedures Manual. This manual, which provides comprehensive guidance on domestic violence procedures to the Judiciary and to law enforcement, was issued jointly with the Office of the Attorney General. The revised manual, which is posted on the Judiciary website, replaces the version that was promulgated in 2008. The revisions to the manual:

- Provide for immediate de novo hearings for the municipal court denial of a temporary restraining order.
- Established the Domestic Violence Economic Mediation Program to mediate economic issues in dissolution matters where there is an active domestic violence final restraining order between the parties.
- Established procedures for taking applications for temporary restraining orders remotely.
- Created a domestic violence form and instruction packet for victims who already
 have been granted a temporary restraining order to administratively amend their
 complaint for certain reasons.
- Implemented the use of a new form when the court accepts a plea in domestic violence contempt matters heard in the Superior Court, Family Division.

41,980

new domestic violence filings

6,396

reopened domestic violence cases

Children in Court

The Judiciary adopted the benchmark hearings protocol for children who are placed outside of their home by the state Division of Child Protection and Permanency. A benchmark hearing is a youth-centered event that enables older youth in placement to have a direct conversation with the judge to identify and develop strategies to ensure the youth's needs are addressed in a timely fashion. The youth and judge engage in a free-flowing conversation that results in the identification of specific measures to help the youth achieve their goals. The benchmark hearing gives the judge a chance to learn the child's desires, aspirations, and concerns for their future in a setting that is not a formal court hearing.





Chancery Division

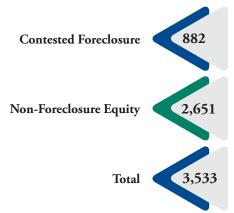
Cases in the chancery division, general equity, involve non-monetary disputes such as business dissolution issues, trade secrets, restrictive covenants, labor injunctions and mortgage and tax foreclosure actions. Cases in the chancery division, probate part, involve matters such as contested decedents' estates, trust actions, and guardianships of incapacitated adults. General equity and probate cases are heard without a jury by a specially assigned judge within the chancery division.

The Office of Foreclosure continues to review and recommend the entry of motions and judgments in accordance with established standards. All Covid-related stays in foreclosure have been lifted.

Probate Complaints

Total

General Equity Complaints



Total Foreclosure Complaints

CY 2021-22

Total Foreclosure Judgments

CY 2021-22

Foreclosure Complaints by County (July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022)

County	Total
Atlantic	684
Bergen	510
Burlington	645
Camden	1,150
Cape May	145
Cumberland	345
Essex	938
Gloucester	468
Hudson	442
Hunterdon	121
Mercer	559
Middlesex	561
Monmouth	561
Morris	319
Ocean	781
Passaic	539
Salem	160
Somerset	212
Sussex	277
Union	417
Warren	150
Total	9,984



Municipal Division





The municipal courts in New Jersey are considered courts of limited jurisdiction, having responsibility for motor vehicle and parking tickets, minor criminal-type offenses, municipal ordinance offenses and other minor offenses. A municipal court usually has jurisdiction only over cases that occur within the boundaries of its municipality.

There were 4,932,193 cases filed, a 1 percent increase from the previous year. The municipal courts had a 98 percent clearance rate during Court Year 2022.

Municipal Court Reform

The Judiciary began a transition from almost all in-person court proceedings before the pandemic to an expansion of virtual proceedings. A Nov. 18, 2021 Supreme Court order gave municipal court judges discretion to determine whether to conduct court proceedings virtually or in person. However, trials in municipal matters involving a reasonable likelihood of a jail sentence or loss of suspension of license, and evidentiary hearings are still to be conducted in person.

Other key reforms enabled parties to resolve minor municipal matters without appearing in court. Rather than coming to a court facility, court users are now able to complete and submit a plea-by-mail form and participate in online dispute resolution.

Municipal Court Virtual Sessions Scheduled

2020 - 18,104

2021 - 38,388

2022 - 39,518

Total - 96,010

Matters Resolved in Virtual Sessions

2020 - 337,295

2021 - 805,858

2022 - 691,873

Total - 1,835,026

Defendants Scheduled in Virtual Sessions

2020 - 573,441

2021 - 1,325,315

2022 - 1,158,509

Total - 3,057,265

Filings

2,660,336

4,932,193

Number of Defendants who Appeared Virtually

2020 - 292,313

2021 - 672,748

2022 - 589,282

Total - 1,554,340

Case Types

Parking

Total

Defendant Appearance Rate

2020 - 51%

2021 - 51%

2022 - 51%

Municipal Court Filings by Case Type

July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022

	3,700
158,704	Indictable
356,407	Disorderly / Petty Disorderly Persons
169,116	Other Non-Criminal
24,254	DWI
1,563,376	Traffic

Resolution by Alternate Process

2020 - 60,228

2021 - 127,820

2022 - 100,156

Total - 288,204



Probation Services

The Office of Probation Services provides monitoring and enforcement of court orders from the Family, Criminal and Municipal courts and manages the Adult and Juvenile Intensive Supervision programs along with the drug court program.

The Office of Probation Services reached an important milestone. In September 2018, the New Jersey Judiciary began a year-long process to train probation division managers, assistant division managers, court services officers, probation officers, and Intensive Supervision Program (ISP) staff on Core Correctional Practices (CCP). CCP aims to reduce recidivism by focusing on teaching clients how to engage in long-term behavior change. As of Sept. 3, 2019, more than 1,100 staff have been trained through 44 CCP sessions.

Probation Services provides guidance and oversight to more than 1,900 probation officers across the state and includes critical programs such as Child Support Enforcement, the Comprehensive Enforcement Program, adult and juvenile supervision, the Interstate Compact, and the Intensive Supervision Program.

Child Support Enforcement Program

The Child Support Enforcement Unit seeks to promote the welfare and safety of children, families and communities through the enforcement of orders of support issued by the court. The 21 local divisions monitor and enforce more than 240,000 child support cases in New Jersey. The unit is responsible for the collection of child and spousal obligations, medical support, and alimony.

Intensive Supervision Program

The Intensive Supervision Program (ISP) allows non-violent offenders to serve the remainder of their prison sentences under a highly structured form of community supervision that is more rigorous than traditional parole. Probation officers provide a high level of supervision to this carefully selected group of offenders who are approved by a panel of judges for release. ISP officers oversee many aspects of the participants' daily lives, including their living arrangements, employment, curfews, budgeting, and performance of community service. The program saved the state nearly \$21 million, or more than \$41,000 per participant, in Court Year 2021-22.

Recovery Court Program

The Recovery Court Unit focuses specifically on the advancement and operation of the recovery court in each vicinage. The Judiciary's recovery court program, which addresses non-violent, addicted offenders, requires completion of four phases of intensive drug and alcohol treatment and recovery, under court supervision. The New Jersey recovery court program started as a pilot in 2001 and expanded statewide the following year.

\$24,223,393.64

total expected probation fees/fines

\$7,596,585.98

paid probation fees/fines

230,733 child support caseload as of June 2022

\$1,196,230,073
total child support collections

71.8%

current child support obligations collected for July 2021 to June 2022



Judicial Conference on Jury Selection



The effort to improve New Jersey's jury selection process began in July 2021 with a unanimous state Supreme Court decision in <u>State v. Andujar</u>, which highlighted problems in the jury selection process.

The opinion called for a conference that brought together members of the New Jersey bar, national experts on jury selection, and chief justices from three other states that undertook jury reforms.

The Judicial Conference on Jury Selection, established and chaired by Chief Justice Stuart Rabner, examined ways to improve the jury selection process, with the goal of expanding jury pools and enhancing fairness in the selection process in New Jersey.

The committee brought together leaders of all three branches of government as well as other key stakeholders in the legal community.

The conference, held over two days in November 2021, examined implicit bias in jury selection, including the potential effects of the allotment and exercise of peremptory challenges on juries and juror experiences in criminal trials.

Panels addressed various topics, including the process of questioning jurors, juror pay, removing the permanent disqualification of people convicted of an indictable offense, further expanding the types of sources from which potential jurors are drawn, and other efforts to support diverse juries and juror impartiality.

The committee issued its report in April 2022 and listed 25 recommendations to be considered by the Supreme Court.

One of the key recommendations of the report is a proposed new court rule intended to reduce bias in the jury selection process. The proposal would change the way peremptory challenges are exercised. Other recommendations would:

- ask the Supreme Court to authorize a voluntary pilot program for criminal cases that shifts the questioning of jurors from judges to attorneys and includes a consent-based reduction in the number of peremptory challenges available to each party.
- adopt a one-day-or-one-trial term for petit jury service in most counties.
- add questions on race, ethnicity, and gender to the juror qualification questionnaire.

The report also recommends that the Legislature consider increasing juror compensation and explore restoring eligibility to serve on juries to individuals with certain prior criminal convictions.









New Jersey Courts O November 10, 2021 - 3



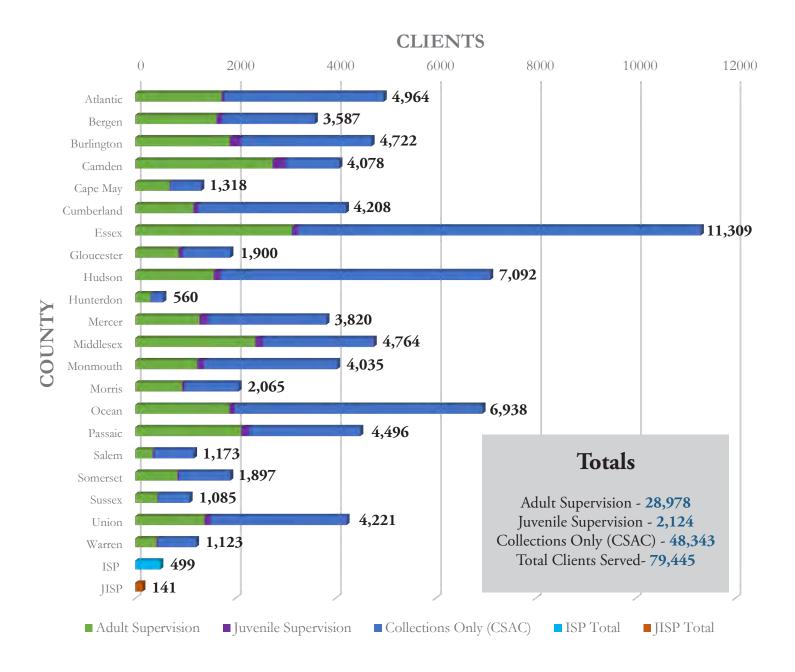






Probation Services by the Numbers

Court Year 2021 - 2022



Supervision

On June 30, 2022 probation services was actively supervising 28,978 adults and 2,124 juveniles statewide.

Field Work

Probation officers conducted 12,132 inspections and 33,093 visits of clients' homes during Court Year 2021-2022.

Community Service

Probation clients performed 306,687 hours of community service during Court Year 2021-2022.



Addressing the Needs of Society

The Judiciary oversees a number of initiatives that work to confront some of the most intractable problems facing society. Judiciary programs work to safeguard the assets of the elderly and the incapacitated, refer veterans to mental health counseling and other needed services, and respond to the needs of victims of domestic violence and human trafficking.

Expungements

The New Jersey Judiciary expunged more than 362,000 marijuana and hashish cases from court records since the Marijuana Decriminalization Law became effective July 1, 2021. Eligible cases were expunged automatically by the Judiciary. Once a case is expunged, it is removed from the court's public record and does not have to be reported on applications for jobs, housing, or college admissions.

Cases with offenses eligible for expungement include certain marijuana or hashish charges alone or in combination with the following: possession of drug paraphernalia; use or being under the influence of a controlled, dangerous substance; and failure to make lawful disposition of a controlled, dangerous substance.

The Administrative Office of the Courts launched an awareness campaign on Sept. 20, 2021 to inform the public of the opportunities available through the Marijuana Decriminalization Law.

Recovery Court

New Jersey officially switched the name of drug court to recovery court Jan. 1, 2022 to better reflect the primary goal of the program. New Jersey's drug court program started as a pilot in 2001. The program, which addresses non-violent addicted offenders, requires completion of several phases of intensive drug and alcohol treatment and recovery.

This level of supervision permits the program to support the recovery process but also allows the team to react swiftly to impose appropriate therapeutic interventions or to reinstate criminal proceedings when participants do not comply with the program.

JOBS program

The Judiciary Opportunities for Building Success (JOBS) Program partners with local employers to provide employment and job training, as well as professional development, for recovery court graduates and for those who complete probation.

The program gives probation clients a second chance at rebuilding their lives while employers have the opportunity to support their local communities.

















Adoption Day

National Adoption Day, held annually on the third Saturday in November, allows the Judiciary to increase awareness of the number of children in foster care and to honor adoptive families throughout New Jersey. Although judges finalize adoptions throughout the year, vicinages join in the national celebration by conducting special events in November. The Judiciary works in partnership with the state Division of Child Protection and Permanency and county surrogates to facilitate adoptions.

The fall of 2021 saw a resurgence of Covid cases, prompting many vicinages to continue to hold adoption day ceremonies remotely. But Judiciary staff adapted by arranging for adoption proceedings to be conducted virtually and for gifts to be delivered to the families.

Naturalization Ceremony/Law Day Event

The Judiciary holds naturalization ceremonies several times a year, including on Law Day in May, to administer the Oath of Citizenship to new U.S. citizens. While public ceremonies were put on hold in 2020 because of the Covid pandemic, the Judiciary resumed in-person ceremonies this court year.

One Judge, One School program

The vicinages continued their interactions with local schools in Court Year 2021-2022 through the One Judge/One School Program, which provides thousands of students with insights into the workings of New Jersey's court system. Through the program, judges visit schools or students visit courthouses to learn more about how the Judiciary operates. After Covid required these sessions to be remote, in-person visits resumed this court year.

Landlord Tenant

The Judiciary implemented some temporary modifications for cases affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. Beginning in August 2021, the Judiciary allowed for the adjournment of eviction cases in residential landlord tenant matters while financial assistance applications were pending. An adjournment of 60 was granted

in residential non-payment of rent cases where parties provided documentation that an application for rental assistance was submitted. Following the provisions of new legislation, courts dismissed certain cases if a tenant filed a certification, promulgated by the state Department of Community Affairs, with the court. Courts processed complaints to pursue the collection of unpaid rent that accrued from March 1, 2020 through Aug. 31, 2021.

Throughout the year, the Judiciary continued to work to connect landlords and tenants rental assistance resources to resolve matters without trial.





Reduction of Gun Violence Initiative

The Judiciary's Reduction of Gun Violence Initiative is a combined effort of the courts, community stakeholders and resource providers to address reducing gun violence and other weapon-related violence committed by those on probation. The initiative is designed to encourage positive behavioral change using evidence-based practices.

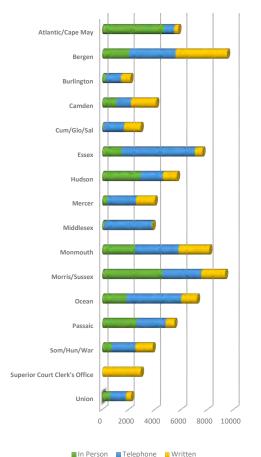
Ten of the Judiciary's 15 vicinages are participating in the initiative, which serves those on probation supervision who are at moderate to high risk of reoffending and who have a current, weapon-related offense. The participating vicinages are Atlantic/Cape May, Burlington, Camden, Essex, Hudson, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Passaic and Union.

Ombudsman Program

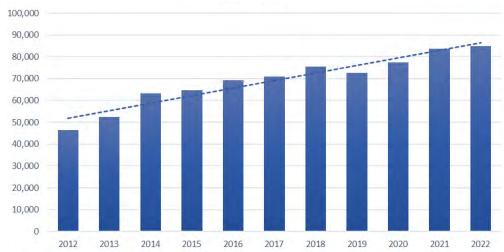
The Judiciary Ombudsman Program provides a variety of services to meet the expectations of court users, who are increasingly composed of self-represented litigants. Judiciary ombudsmen provided an invaluable continuity of service throughout the year, despite the numerous challenges involved in remote operations statewide and pivoting back to in-person service.

Ombudsmen continued to provide much-needed assistance to the public, ensuring the "open door to justice" that is the goal of the court's commitment to the principles of access and fairness.

Ombudsman Mode of Contact 2022



Statewide Ombudsman Contact 10-Year Trend July 2021 - June 2022





Access and Fairness in the Courts

The Supreme Court Advisory Committee on Access and Fairness ensures that the Judiciary, as an institution, embraces access and fairness as an integral part of its core values. The work of the committee helps set the tone for the operation of the Judiciary for the future.

Supreme Court Action Plan for Ensuring Equal Justice

The Supreme Court began implementing a new series of initiatives designed to support fairness and equity within New Jersey's court system as outlined in nine new reforms in the 2021 Action Plan for Ensuring Equal Justice.

The reforms are designed to improve equity for people of color, as well as for persons affected by mental health conditions, addiction, and the challenges associated with poverty. The new plan includes initiatives that would:

- support employment and job training opportunities for clients and graduates of Judiciary drug court and probation programs.
- improve procedural safeguards for individuals with mental health challenges who come into contact with the justice system.
- expand access to legal representation at all levels of the courts.
- require implicit bias training for all state court employees.

The announcement came one year after the Court issued its inaugural Action Plan for Ensuring Equal Justice, which identified nine items aimed at eliminating disparities within the court system and removing institutional obstacles to justice.

Supreme Court Committee to Analyze Duration of Disbarment

The Supreme Court established a 28-member committee to analyze whether New Jersey should establish a process allowing disbarred attorneys to apply for reinstatement. In its June 2022 opinion in IMO Wade, the Court reaffirmed the longstanding rule for automatic disbarment of attorneys who knowingly misappropriate client or escrow funds.

In its decision, the Court called for the formation of a committee to consider whether disbarred attorneys should be given a second chance to practice law, and to examine what process and timeframe, if any, should be adopted for readmission.

Supreme Court Committee on Women in the Courts

The Supreme Court Committee on Women in the Courts marked the 40th anniversary of its creation as a task force "to investigate the extent to which gender bias exists in the New Jersey judicial branch and to develop an education program [for the 1983 New Jersey Judicial College] to eliminate any such bias."



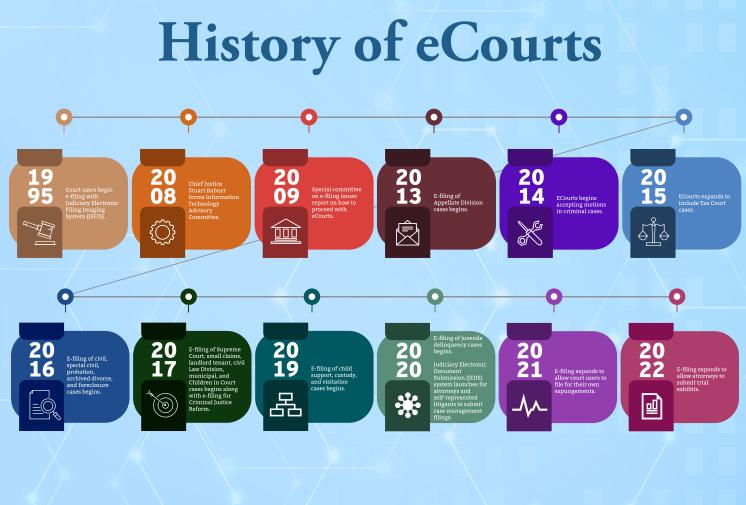




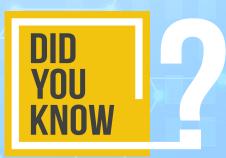
eCourts

Over nearly 40 years, the New Jersey Judiciary has built one of the most comprehensive judicial information systems in the country. Every court case type is automated. The automated systems establish the official court records and dockets for more than 7 million cases per year. The Judiciary has incorporated legislative and court rule changes, interacted with law enforcement and other government agencies, and enabled the legal community, media and many others to access its information online.

The year 1985 marked the beginning of the Judiciary's transition from an organization that relied heavily on paper to one that will soon become entirely paperless, resulting in time and cost savings by streamlining resources.





























New Jersey **Court News**

Judicial Retirements

Members of the Supreme Court gave fond farewells to two of their colleagues who left the Court after reaching the mandatory retirement age. Justice Faustino Fernandez-Vina retired in February 2022 after nine years on the state's highest court, and Justice Barry T. Albin retires in July 2022 after nearly 20 years with the Supreme Court.

Chief Justice Gives Keynote to Recent Graduates

Chief Justice Stuart Rabner gave the keynote address to the graduates of Rutgers Law School - Camden on May 18, 2022.

Courthouses are Open to the Public Post-Covid

State courthouses, which had been closed to the public since March 2020 because of the Covid pandemic, opened to the public on Aug. 2, 2021. New Jersey courts were open for business throughout the pandemic.

National Cybersecurity Update

Based on guidance from the federal government and state cybersecurity officials, the Judiciary began temporarily blocking all internet traffic from outside the country to ensure the security of its data on May 23, 2022. This includes access to all Judiciary websites, applications, and other services. The Judiciary also blocked all email traffic to and from all sites outside the U.S.

Centralized Municipal Courts in Atlantic County

The Atlantic/Cape May Vicinage and Atlantic County officials held a dedication ceremony on May 4, 2023 for the new Central Municipal Court of Atlantic County. The court is the first of its kind in New Jersey and is comprised of nine towns. The three courtrooms were dedicated to retired Assignment Judge Julio L. Mendez, retired Superior Court Judge Valerie H. Armstrong, and the late Superior Court Judge Herbert S. Jacobs.

Judicial Appointments



Lisa Miralles Walsh Union Vicinae



Kevin M. Shanahan Somerset / Hunterdon / Warren Vicinage



Michael J. Blee Atlantic / Cape May Vicinage



Judicial Council



Stuart Rabner Chief Justice



Glenn A. Grant Administrative Director of the Courts



Michael J. Blee Assignment Judge Atlantic/Cape May Vicinage



Bonnie J. Mizdol Assignment Judge Bergen Vicinage



Jeanne T. Covert Assignment Judge Burlington Vicinage



Deborah Silverman Katz Assignment Judge Camden Vicinage



Sheila A. Venable Assignment Judge Fssex Vicinage



Jeffrey R. Jablonski Assignment Judge Hudson Vicinage



Robert T. Lougy
Assignment Judge
Mercer Vicinage



Michael A. Toto Assignment Judge Middlesex Vicinage



Lisa P. Thornton Assignment Judge Monmouth Vicinage



Stuart A. Minkowitz Assignment Judge Morris/Sussex Vicinage



Ernest M. Caposela Assignment Judge Passaic Vicinage



Lisa Miralles Walsh Assignment Judge Union Vicinage



Kevin M. ShanahanAssignment Judge
Somerset/Hunterdon/Warren Vicinage



Marlene Lynch Ford Assignment Judge Ocean Vicinage



Benjamin C. TelseyAssignment Judge
Cumberland/Gloucester/Salem Vicinage



Carmen Messano Appellate Division Chief Judge



Joseph L. Marczyk Civil Presiding Judge Atlantic/Cape May Vicinage



Edward J. McBride Jr. Criminal Presiding Judge Camden Vicinage



Madelin F. Einbinder Family Presiding Judge Ocean Vicinage



Maritza Berdote Byrne General Equity Presiding Judge Morris/Sussex Vicinage



Judges and Justices

as of June 30, 2022

Superior Court

*Appellate Division

Carlo Abad Thomas P. Abode Allison E. Accurso* Gregory L. Acquaviva Stacey D. Adams Yolanda Adrianzen Lisa M. Adubato Kalimah H. Ahmad Aravind Aithal

Mark S. Ali

Veronica Allende M. Christine Allen-Jackson

Jodi Lee Alper Craig A. Ambrose Ralph E. Amirata William Anklowitz Michael Antoniewicz Patrick J. Arre

Lorraine M. Augostini

Rahat N. Babar Mark A. Baber Keith A. Bachmann Robert A. Ballard Jr. Patrick J. Bartels Arthur J. Batista David F. Bauman Jeffrey B. Beacham Robert P. Becker Jr. Aimee R. Belgard Avion M. Benjamin Scott J. Bennion Maritza Berdote Byrne

Stanley L. Bergman Jr.

Daniel A. Bernardin

Michael N. Beukas

Supti Bhattacharya

Robert W. Bingham II Avis Bishop-Thompson Michael J. Blee Gwendolyn Blue Peter A. Bogaard Thomas T. Booth Jr. Stacey K. Boretz Angela Borkowski Jodi F. Bouer Patrick J. Bradshaw

Gerard H. Breland Robert E. Brenner Thomas F. Brogan Daniel H. Brown Marc R. Brown James Bucci

Benjamin, S. Bucca Jr. Thomas J. Buck Bruce D. Buechler John J. Burke III Bradford M. Bury Henry P. Butehorn Chad N. Cagan Thomas A. Callahan Jr. Ernest M. Caposela Andrea G. Carter Regina Caulfield Stevie D. Chambers

Judith S. Charny Mark K. Chase Timothy W. Chell Jean S. Chetney Joseph M. Chiarello Randal C. Chiocca

Mark P. Ciarrocca Vicki A. Citrino Joanne Cocchiola

Michael T. Collins Rosalba L. Comas

Terrence R. Cook Jorge F. Coombs J. Randall Corman

Craig L. Corson Mary K. Costello Gerald J. Council

Frank Covello Jeanne T. Covert

Michael V. Cresitello Jr. Jennifer C. Critchley Martin G. Cronin Rodney Cunningham Therese A. Cunningham Heidi Willis Currier

H. Matthew Curry Angela White Dalton Pamela D'Arcy

Cristen P. D'Arrigo Miguel A. De La Carrera Patrick DeAlmeida* Frank J. DeAngelis Philip James Degnan John M. Deitch

Kathleen M. Delanev Anthony V. D'Elia Darren J. Delsardo James J. Deluca

Bernard E. Delury Jr. Iames M. DeMarzo James Den Uyl

Amy K. Depaul Bina K. Desai Darren T. DiBiasi Lara K. DiFabrizio Francisco Dominguez

John M. Doran Charles W. Dortch Jr. Paula T. Dow

John C. Eastlack Jr. Madelin F. Einbinder Brian M. English Richard W. English Catherine I. Enright* Paul X. Escandon

Kimberly Espinales-Maloney

Linda W. Eynon Vincent N. Falcetano Jr. Douglas M. Fasciale* James D. Fattorini James J. Ferrelli Eric G. Fikry Rudolph A. Filko Lisa A. Firko*

Clarkson S. Fisher Ir.* Colleen M. Flynn Marlene Lynch Ford Wayne J. Forrest Margaret M. Foti Magali M. Francois Noah Franzblau Sander D. Friedman

Lisa Perez Friscia Jose L. Fuentes*

Karina D. Fuentes	Honora O'Brien Kilgallen
Harold W. Fullilove Jr.	Robert Kirsch
Mitzy Galis-Menendez	Teresa A. Kondrup-Coyle
Jane Gallina Mecca	Kurt Kramer
George H. Gangloff Jr.	Mary Beth Kramer
Robert H. Gardner	Linda L. Lawhun
Christopher J. Garrenger	Verna G. Leath
Michael C. Gaus	Marc C. Lemieux
Peter G. Geiger	Alan G. Lesnewich
Richard J. Geiger*	Joseph A. Levin
J. Christopher Gibson	Daniel R. Lindemann
Robert J. Gilson*	Alvin R. Little
Rochelle Gizinski	Robert T. Lougy
John I. Gizzo Greta Gooden Brown*	Lourdes Lucas
Margaret Goodzeit	Timothy P. Lydon Martha D. Lynes
Dara A. Govan	Keith E. Lynott
Lori Ellen Grifa	Robert E. Lytle
Nora J. Grimbergen	Colleen A. Maier
James J. Guida	Martha T. Mainor
Katie A. Gummer*	Robert G. Malestein
Angela Gunter Foster	Maureen B. Mantineo
Michael J. Haas*	Janetta D. Marbrey
Deborah S. Hanlon-Schron	Joseph L. Marczyk
Robert M. Hanna	Julie M. Marino
Rachelle Lea Harz	Margaret M. Marley
Melinda Hawkins Taylor	Lawrence M. Maron
Richard L. Hertzberg	Andrea I. Marshall
Kerry Ellen Higgins	Anthony M. Massi
Francis Hodgson Jr.	Hany A. Mawla*
Edward W. Hoffman	Jessica R. Mayer*
Richard S. Hoffman*	Edward J. McBride Jr.
John G. Hudak	Owen C. McCarthy
J. Adam Hughes	James P. McCladrov
Douglas H. Hurd	Thomas D. McCloskey John P. McDonald
Linda Ann Hynes Dorothy Incarvito-Garrabrant	William J. McGovern III
David H. Ironson	Frances A. McGrogan
Thomas K. Isenhour	Brian McLaughlin
Jeffrey R. Jablonski	Marcy McMann
Adam E. Jacobs	Jaclyn V. Medina
Lisa James-Beavers	Robert J. Mega
Mark T. Janeczko	Peter J. Melchionne
Latoyia K. Jenkins	William G. Mennen
Edward A. Jerejian	Marybel Mercado-Ramirez
Michael A. Jimenez	Carmen Messano*
Pedro J. Jimenez Jr.	Vincent J. Militello
Sarah Beth Johnson	W. Todd Miller
Harold U. Johnson Jr.	Stuart A. Minkowitz
Claudia R. Jones	Stephanie Ann Mitterhoff*
Linda Grasso Jones	Bonnie J. Mizdol
Robert J. Jones Jr.	Sohail Mohammed
John A. Jorgensen II	Joseph G. Monaghan
Michael E. Joyce	Thomas M. Moore
Bruce J. Kaplan	Benjamin D. Morgan
Imre Karaszegi Jr.	Valter H. Must David V. Nasta
Michael J. Kassel David B. Katz	David V. Nasta Arnold L. Natali Jr.*
Christopher R. Kazlau	Steven F. Nemeth
John S. Kennedy	Justine A. Niccollai
John 5. Rennedy	Justine 11. I viccollar

Dennis V. Nieves Paul D. Nieves Richard J. Nocella Carol V. Novey Catuogno Maryann C. O'Brien Patricia O'Dowd John D. O'Dwyer Jill G. O'Malley Michael F. O'Neill Christine S. Orlando Michael R. Ostrowski Jr. Joseph W. Oxley Gregg A. Padovano James R. Paganelli Kenneth T. Palmer Joseph Paone Mitchell L. Pascual Russell J. Passamano Vijayant Pawar Michelle Perry-Thompson Stephen L. Petrillo James H. Pickering Sheree V. Pitchford Benjamin Podolnick Steven J. Polansky Joseph A. Portelli John C. Porto Gary Potters Anthony M. Pugliese Lisa A. Puglisi Kathy C. Qasim Joseph P. Quinn Christopher D. Rafano David M. Ragonese Samuel J. Ragonese Jr. Kimarie Rahill Rosemary E. Ramsay John R. Rauh Michael L. Ravin Joseph L. Rea Nina C. Remson Nancy L. Ridgway Alberto Rivas Daniel Roberts Nesle A. Rodriguez Yolanda C. Rodriguez Candido Rodriguez Jr. Jonathan W. Romankow Christopher S. Romanyshyn Lisa Rose* Jodi L. Rosenberg Marysol Rosero Garry S. Rothstadt* Gregg R. Rubenstein Scott T. Rumana Aldo J. Russo Guy P. Ryan Jack M. Sabatino* Joshua D. Sanders Cynthia Santomauro

James X. Sattely

Reema Y. Scaramella

Steven P. Scheffler

Tara Schillari Rich

Sherri L. Schweitzer

Annette Scoca

Angelo Servidio

Kevin M. Shanahan

Kathleen A. Sheedy

M. Susan Sheppard

Mark B. Shoemaker

Thomas J. Shusted Jr.

Michael I. Silvanio

Deborah Silverman Katz

Glenn C. Slavin

Christine Smith

Kevin T. Smith

Morris G. Smith*

Pamela M. Snyder

L. Grace Spencer

Robin J. Stacy

Barbara J. Stanton

Bridget A. Stecher

Donald I. Stein

Mitchell I. Steinhart

Barbara C. Stolte

Haekyoung Suh

Richard T. Sules

Andrea Sullivan

Thomas W. Sumners Jr.*

Ronald Susswein*

James R. Swift

Mark P. Tarantino

Mayra V. Tarantino

Donna M. Taylor

Heather V. Taylor

Stephen J. Taylor

Siobhan A. Teare

Benjamin C. Telsey

Rodney Thompson

Lisa P. Thornton

Mary F. Thurber

Peter J. Tober

Ellen Torregrossa-O'Connor

Michael A. Toto

Mark A. Troncone

Christopher M. Troxell

Joseph A. Turula

Christine M. Vanek

Radames Velazquez Jr.

Thomas R. Vena

Sheila Ann Venable

Deborah I. Venezia

Francis J. Vernoia*

Dina M. Vicari

Lisa M. Vignuolo

Jose Vilarino

Robert M. Vinci

Ana C. Viscomi Danielle Walcoff Kay Walcott-Henderson

Jeffrey J. Waldman

Thomas J. Walls Jr.

Lisa M. Walsh

Thomas J. Walsh

Peter E. Warshaw

David J. Weaver

Craig L. Wellerson

Mary Gibbons Whipple*

Brian C. White

Ronald D. Wigler

Gary N. Wilcox

James P. Wilson

Marcella Matos Wilson

Robert C. Wilson

Robert G. Wilson

Sherry L. Wilson

Richard C. Wischusen

Gary D. Wodlinger

Russell Wojtenko Jr.

Gary K. Wolinetz

Carolyn E. Wright

Michael Paul Wright

Daniel J. Yablonsky

John A. Young Jr.

Mara Zazzali-Hogan

William F. Ziegler

John Zunic

Supreme Court

Stuart Rabner Barry T. Albin Faustino J. Fernandez-Vina Iavnee LaVecchia Anne M. Patterson Lee A. Solomon Fabiana Pierre-Loius

Tax Court

Mala Sundar Vito L. Bianco Mary Siobhan Brennan Mark Cimino Kathi F. Fiamingo Michael J. Gilmore Joan Bedrin Murray Joshua D. Novin Christine M. Nugent Jonathan A. Orsen

Trial Court Filings, Resolutions and Backlog by Division

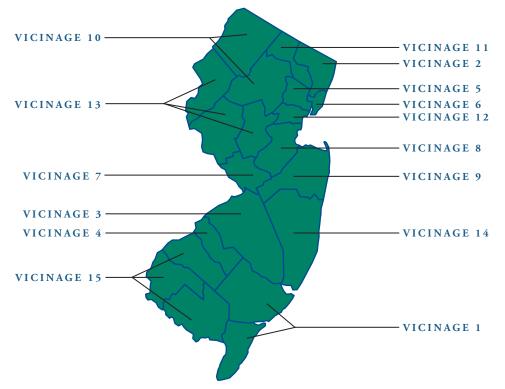
								nventory	7	Backlog			
		Filings		Resolutions				Cases Pe n Time G		(Active Cases Pending Over Time Goals)			
	July 2020 to June 2021	July 2021 to June 2022	percent change	July 2020 to June 2021	July 2021 to June 2022	percent change	June 2021	June 2022	percent change	June 2021	June 2022	percent change	
Criminal Division Indictable Cases	24,179	38,235	58%	21,976	32,006	46%	6,763	7,730	14%	8,497	12,497	47%	
Municipal Appeals	192	272	42%	260	253	-3%	59	72	22%	53	65	23%	
Post-Conviction Relief	387	417	8%	438	420	-4%	300	313	4%	184	168	-9%	
General Equity Total	3,323	3,533	6%	3,706	3,187	-14%	1,356	1,565	15%	249	336	35%	
Contested Foreclosure	823	882	7%	1,253	672	-46%	271	419	55%	47	65	-38%	
Equity (excluding foreclosure)	2,500	2,651	6%	2,453	2,515	3%	1,085	1,146	6%	202	271	34%	
Civil Division Civil - Total	75,675	68,057	-10%	69,051	76,252	10%	67,120	59,227	-12%	30,545	30,198	-1%	
Multi-County Litigation	3,467	2,474	-29%	2,366	2,559	8%	5,206	5,237	1%	10,134	10,064	1%	
Non Multi-County Litigation	72,208	65,583	-9%	66,685	73,693	11%	61,914	53,990	-13%	20,411	20,134	-1%	
Special Civil - Total	239,167	243,209	2%	199,767	260,968	31%	30,053	34,260	14%	55,024	33,535	39%	
Special Civil - Auto	1,831	1,860	2%	1,975	1,873	-5%	258	306	19%	129	78	-40%	
Special Civil - Contract	170,429	150,476	-12%	161,962	154,067	-5%	22,123	19,655	-11%	1,871	1,133	-39%	
Special Civil - Other	4,530	4,156	-8%	4,772	4,428	-7%	866	693	-20%	264	169	-36%	
Special Civil - Small Claims	9,239	11,858	28%	8,701	12,812	47%	907	1,137	25%	2,126	956	-55%	
Special Civil - Tenancy	53,138	74,859	41%	22,357	87,788	293%	5,899	12,469	111%	50,634	31,199	-38%	
Probate	6,214	6,531	5%	5,800	6,557	13%	2,061	2,043	-1%	152	153	1%	
Family Division Dissolution	43,303	43,498	0%	39,519	42,970	9%	18,767	18,658	-1%	2,866	3,465	21%	
Delinquency	11,741	10,834	-8%	12,724	10,351	-19%	1,107	1,599	44%	651	804	24%	
Non-Dissolution	50,322	61,698	23%	49,453	57,240	16%	4,614	6,845	48%	1,394	3,524	153%	
Domestic Violence	40,994	48,376	18%	41,044	48,412	18%	2,193	2,187	0%	991	938	-5%	
Abuse / Neglect	2,370	2,117	-11%	2,813	2,515	-11%	2,766	2,368	-14%	65	53	-18%	
Adoption	1,473	1,520	3%	1,432	1,518	6%	361	364	1%				
Child Placement Review	1,654	1,552	-6%	2,291	2,165	-5%	3,989	3,388	-15%	22	21	-5%	
Juvenile / Family Crisis	134	100	-25%	133	101	-24%	7	3	-57%	4	8	100%	
Kinship	322	411	28%	347	376	8%	47	76	62%	0	6		
Termination of Parental Rights	557	458	-18%	539	581	8%	215	169	-21%	211	130	-38%	
Criminal / Quasi-Criminal	6,830	8,417	23%	6,288	8,751	39%	1,064	1,049	-1%	695	341	-51%	

Total	508,837	539,235	6%	457,581	554,623	21%	142,842	141,916	-1%	101,603	86,242	-15%
Multi-County Litigation	3,467	2,474	-29%	2,366	2,559	8%	5,206	5,237	1%	10,134	10,064	1%
Non Multi-County Litigation	505,370	536,761	6%	455,215	552,064	21%	137,636	136,679	-1%	91,469	76,178	-17%

Trial Court Filings, Resolutions and **Backlog by County**

								nventory	7	Backlog			
	Filings Resolutions							Cases Pe n Time G			e Cases Per Time G		
	July 2020 to June 2021	July 2021 to June 2022	percent change	July 2020 to	July 2021 to June 2022	percent change	June 2021	June 2022	percent change	June 2021		percent change	
Atlantic County Total	23,776	26,260	10%	20,191	26,638	32%	8,384	9,023	8%	5,316	4,179	-21%	
Multi-County Litigation	1,862	1,505	-19%	277	69	-75%	2,624	3,340	27%	1,213	1,972	63%	
Non Multi-County Litigation	21,914	24,755	13%	19,914	26,569	33%	5,760	5,683	-1%	4,103	2,207	-46%	
Bergen County Total	44,558	43,921	-1%	41,213	49,145	19%	13,280	12,533	-6%	10,925	6,789	-38%	
Multi-County Litigation	612	668	9%	1,415	1,378	-3%	839	1,014	21%	4,601	3,719	-19%	
Non-Multicounty Litigation	43,946	43,253	-2%	39,798	47,767	20%	12,441	11,519	-7%	6,324	3,070	-51%	
Burlington County	26,625	29,379	10%	25,250	30,066	19%	6,156	6,158	0%	1,826	895	-51%	
Camden County	40,128	43,372	8%	36,048	45,516	26%	10,048	9,827	-2%	7,254	5,257	-28%	
Cape May County	6,549	6,641	1%	5,813	7,030	21%	1,507	1,376	-9%	722	390	-46%	
Cumberland County	12,330	13,925	13%	11,281	14,517	29%	2,653	2,697	2%	1,770	1,091	-38%	
Essex County	65,523	69,061	5%	53,151	66,327	25%	20,140	20,173	0%	23,356	25,979	11%	
Gloucester County	17,179	17,925	4%	16,026	18,507	15%	3,870	3,845	-1%	1,725	1,157	-33%	
Hudson County	38,881	39,299	1%	33,873	40,093	18%	10,375	9,781	-6%	7,868	7,433	-6%	
Hunterdon County	4,352	4,214	-3%	4,115	4,366	6%	1,036	1,007	-3%	255	238	-7%	
Mercer County	21,005	24,102	15%	19,722	24,779	26%	5,646	5,588	-1%	3,264	2,606	-20%	
Middlesex County Total	42,922	43,852	2%	38,977	47,204	21%	14,741	13,473	-9%	12,371	10,137	-18%	
Multi-County Litigation	993	301	-70%	674	1,112	65%	1,743	883	-49%	4,320	4,373	1%	
Non Multi-County Litigation	41,929	43,551	4%	38,303	46,092	20%	12,998	12,590	-3%	8,051	5,764	-28%	
Monmouth County	28,534	29,358	3%	26,280	30,945	18%	8,371	8,218	-2%	3,883	2,448	-37%	
Morris County	17,217	18,162	5%	15,987	18,539	16%	5,031	5,086	1%	2,150	1,724	-20%	
Ocean County	28,725	30,289	5%	27,454	31,718	16%	7,059	7,064	0%	3,421	1,974	-42%	
Passaic County	30,608	33,374	9%	26,215	31,328	20%	8,634	9,226	7%	7,687	9,068	18%	
Salem County	5,074	5,517	9%	4,482	5,644	26%	1,036	1,113	7%	662	468	-29%	
Somerset County	12,796	12,851	0%	11,906	13,244	11%	3,401	3,440	1%	1,464	1,003	-31%	
Sussex County	6,347	6,968	10%	6,043	7,023	16%	1,462	1,584	8%	607	433	-29%	
Union County	30,097	34,396	14%	28,241	35,641	26%	8,929	9,500	6%	4,627	2,647	-43%	
Warren County	5,611	6,396	14%	5,313	6,354	20%	1,083	1,204	11%	450	326	-28%	

Total	508,837	539,235	6%	457,581	554,623	21%	142,842	141,916	-1%	101,603	86,242	-15%
Multi-County Litigation	3,467	2,474	-29%	2,366	2,559	8%	5,206	5,237	1%	10,134	10,064	1%
Non Multi-County Litigation	505,370	536,761	6%	455,215	552,064	21%	137,636	136,679	-1%	91,469	76,178	-17%



Atlantic/Cape May

Vicinage 1

Michael J. Blee

Assignment Judge

Howard H. Berchtold Jr.

Trial Court Administrator

Bergen

Vicinage 2

Bonnie J. Mizdol

Assignment Judge

Laura A. Simoldoni

Trial Court Administrator

Burlington

Vicinage 3

Jeanne T. Covert

Assignment Judge

Alba R. Rivera

Trial Court Administrator

Camden

Vicinage 4

Deborah Silverman Katz

Assignment Judge

Colleen P. Lore

Trial Court Administrator

Essex

Vicinage 5

Sheila A. Venable

Assignment Judge

Amv K. DePaul

Trial Court Administrator

Hudson

Vicinage 6

Jeffrey R. Jablonski

Assignment Judge

Marie L. Keevan

Trial Court Administrator

Mercer

Vicinage 7

Robert T. Lougy

Assignment Judge

Edward D. Wingren III

Trial Court Administrator

Middlesex

Vicinage 8

Michael A. Toto

Assignment Judge

Gregory Lambard

Trial Court Administrator

Monmouth

Vicinage 9

Lisa P. Thornton

Assignment Judge

Gurpreet M. Singh

Trial Court Administrator

Morris/Sussex

Vicinage 10

Stuart A. Minkowitz

Assignment Judge

Susan Chait

Trial Court Administrator

Vicinage Map

There is a Superior Court in each of New Jersey's 21 counties. The Superior Courts are grouped into 15 court districts called vicinages.

Vicinage comes from the Latin word *vicinus*, which means vicinity, neighborhood or district.

Below is a list of New Jersey's Superior Court vicinages including their Assignment Judge and Trial Court Administrator.

Passaic

Vicinage 11

Ernest M. Caposela

Assignment Judge

Robert D. Tracy

Trial Court Administrator

Union

Vicinage 12

Lisa Miralles Walsh

Assignment Judge

Devang M. Merchant

Trial Court Administrator

Somerset/Hunterdon/Warren

Vicinage 13

Kevin M. Shanahan

Assignment Judge

Adriana M. Calderon

Trial Court Administrator

Ocean

Vicinage 14

Marlene Lynch Ford

Assignment Judge

Jill Vito

Trial Court Administrator

Cumberland/Gloucester/Salem

Vicinage 15

Benjamin C. Telsey

Assignment Judge

Jason Corter

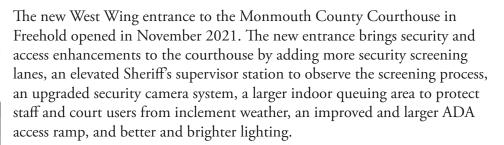
Trial Court Administrator

New Entrance to the Monmouth County Courthouse

New Jersey Courts ● November 9, 2021
The new West Wing entrance to the Monmouth County Courthouse in Freehold opened yesterday. The new entrance brings security and access enhancements to the courthouse by adding more security screening lanes, an elevated Sheriff's supervisor station to observe the

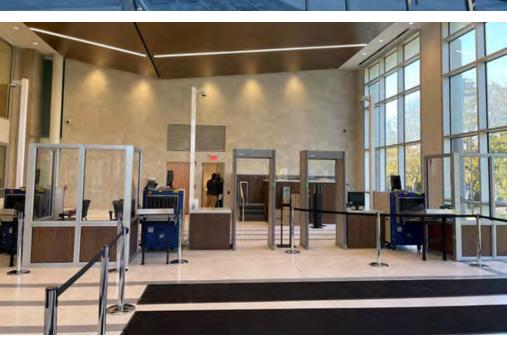
On the same day that entrance opened, the East Wing entrance closed for the next phase of the courthouse construction project. The reconstruction of the East Wing stairs is scheduled to be completed in March.





The East Wing entrance closed for the next phase of the courthouse construction project.







Construction Begins at the Salem County Courthouse

New Jersey Courts

May 11, 2022Check out the progress in the construction of the new Salem County Courthouse. Some of the elevator shafts have been built and a portion of the steel has finally arrived.

Construction of an addition to the Salem County Courthouse in Salem City began in June 2021 to ease overcrowding and address safety and security issues of the current courthouse, which was built in 1969.

The new 47,000-square-foot facility will be located behind the existing courthouse, which also will be renovated. Court services will be located in the new building, the current courthouse and the top two floors of the county administration building. The three floors in the new building will provide more space for criminal, civil and family court offices to accommodate space requirements and bring the courthouse up to current standards. The addition will include four new courtrooms, including judges' chambers, jury deliberation rooms, and secure holding areas.

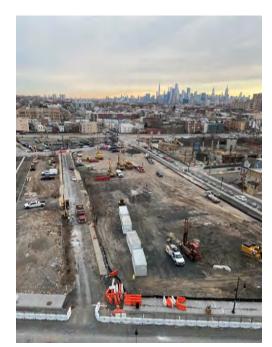








Honorable Frank J. Guarini Justice Complex

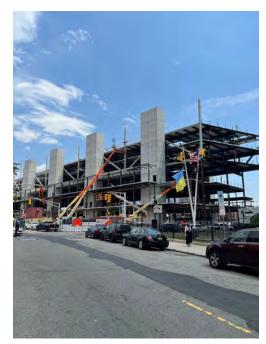


The Honorable Frank J. Guarini Justice Complex, named for retired U.S. Rep. Frank J. Guarini, is under construction in Jersey City across from the historic Justice William J. Brennan Jr. Courthouse. The new complex, which will replace the Hudson County Administration Building, will house courtrooms, jury assembly spaces, and other rooms for court functions, as well as other county operations.

The cornerstone of the building bears the name of Hudson Vicinage Assignment Judge Peter F. Bariso Jr., who retired in March 2021. Construction is expected to be completed the end of 2024.















STUART RABNER

CHIEF JUSTICE

GLENN A. GRANT

ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COURTS

JULY 2023